## **APPENDIX 1C, Attachment 1**

## CHARTED EXPLORATIONS OF FAMILIAL RELATIONSHIPS LEVI, REUBEN, JUDAH, HEZRON, CALEB, ASHUR and ASHER

*Note*: Parenthesized letters refer to Source Quotations given in Appendix 1A, Attachment 1. Bracketed references are to other appendices/attachments as noted.

A. Pha	arez (nnn) "fathered"	•					
	Hezron (hh)		?LEVI	?			
	1		1	1			
(aa	q) Ram <sup>1</sup>	?+	Kohath (ww)	1	Kohath	+	?? <sup>2</sup>
(11	1		( /	1	1	/	
	1	1		1	Izhar (kk)	Uzziel	Hebron <sup>3</sup> (ff)
	1	1		1	,	[3B, I]	()
	1	1		1			
Izhar (aka?:)	Amminadab (g) +	? Amram (h)	+	-Jochebad/Jochebed	(ss)		"Father of Etam"
1	1 1	1	1	/+?			1
Korah (xx)	Nahshon (fff) Elish	neba (y)+Aaron (a)	Moses + Zippora	ah (iiii) Miriam+?	Hur? <sup>4</sup> //	/ ?Hur	+Daughter?
1	1	/+? /	(ccc) /+? /	(bbb) /	(jj)		1
1	Salma/Salmon⁵	/ Eleazar	/ Gershor	n/m (bb) Uri (fff)	"/	And these (of)	the father
/ _	/ + Rahab (ppp)	) / Ithamar <sup>°</sup>	1	1	0	f Etam"Jezre	el, Ishma,
Assir <sup>7</sup> / [3B, I] Elkanah /	Boaz (n) / + Ruth (ttt) Obed (hhh) /	Nadab (eee) Abihu (c)	Eliezer (v)	Bezalee	H tr	dbash and "the lazelelponian ne father of Ge Ezer, the father	d Penuel edor, and

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See at D, (Hezron-) Jerahmeel; question as to maternal lineage--refer to Appendix 1A, part I, D, at fn. 19.

<sup>+</sup> Mareshah?--see at fn. 26.

Given: (Hebron-) Jeriah, Amariah, Jahaziel and Jekameam; see also fns. 26 and 27.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Or?--(Ephrathah + Hezron -) Hur, as placed at D.

<sup>(</sup>uuu) and (vvv). [Salma + ? = Bethlehem and the Netophathites, etc.?--see (uuu) (3).]

Refer to Appendix 3B, II, concerning the service of these two Elisheba + Aaron sons as co-chief priests, after their father's death.

Refer to Appendix 3B, I, Assir.

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These the sons of Hur, the
Ebiasaph
            Jesse [2A, Att. 1]
                                                                                                   firstborn Ephratah, the father
                                                                                                   of Bethlehem." 1 Chronicles
 Assir
            David [2A, Att. 3]
                                                                                                   4:3-4.
 Tahath [3B, I]
  Uriel
  Uzziel
  Shaul (xxx)
                                                                      Leah + Jacob
                                                                      Reuben
                                   /+?
                                                        /+?
                                                                                              / +?
                                                                                                                /+?
                                                   Pallu/Phallu (III)
                              Hanoch (dd)
                                                                                           Carmi (p)
                                                                                                           Assaron/Hezron (hh)
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Nemuel (ggg) Dathan (r) Abiram (d)

This is the only use of <i>Hushah</i> , it being considered Hushah may have been a place founded by Ezer ("those who so regard Hushah	nah as a

"family of

Palluites"

"family of

Carmites"

"family of

Hezronites"

В.

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"family of

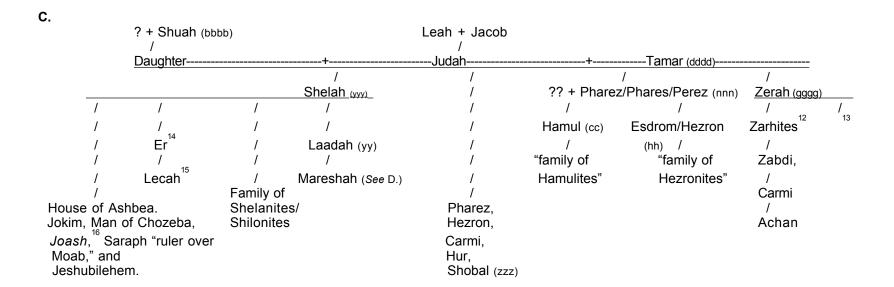
Hanochites"

city generally identify it with Husan, about four miles W of Bethlehem;" Aid, p. 805).

See page 172, fn. 33, for additional uses.

<sup>/</sup>Peleth?

Simeon tribe list at *Numbers* 26:12 also includes "family of [Jemuel/]Nemuelites." (Nemuel was not named as joining the Korah rebellion that resulted in Dathan's and Abiram's demise--Appendix 1C, sub-part IV, A.)



Machir<sup>17</sup> D. ? + ?

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The Simeon tribe list at *Numbers* 26:12 also includes a family of Zarhites/Zerahites.

Also given is (Zerah -) *Zimri*, Ethan, Heman, Calcol, Dara--*refer to* fn. 23.

Only two other Ers are found: (a) Judah's son, Er (one of Tamar's prematurely-died betrotheds), and (b) an Er given by Luke (3:28) in the lineage of the New Testament Jesus--Appendix 4C, Lineage, David to Jesus.

Only use.

Also given: (Manasseh-Machir-Gilead/Hammolecheth-Abiezer/Abiezerites-*Joash*-) Gideon; see Appendix 1C, sub-part VI, C, chart.

			/ HEZRON					
	/ + ?	/+?	[ + EPHRATHAH?]	/ [+ JEPHUNNEH	l?] /+?	/ + Daughter	/ + Abiah (b	)
? <sup>18</sup> +Je	erahmeel+ Atarah	Ram	/ [App.1B]	/ (II)	Shuah (bbbb)	Segub (www)	1	
/	(mm) / (mm)(5)		Hur? ]	1	('sister of Chelub')		1	
/	1			1		Jair	/	
/ Ram <sup>19</sup>	/ Onam (jjj)		_	/ /		<u>Naaral</u>	/ n +Ash <i>u</i> r <sup>2</sup>	<u></u> + Helah
/	1	1		1		/ (do	, , ,	/ (gg)
Maaz,	Jada	/		/		Ahuza		Zereth
Jamin,	/ /	/		1		Haaha	ıshtari	Jezoar
Eker	JETHER Jonath	an Shamma	ai	1		Temer	าเ่	Ethnan 23
	/(oo) /[Ap	p.2A] /		1		Hephe	er <sup>22</sup>	[Coz? (q)] <sup>23</sup>
	JEPHUNNEH, Pele	eth, Nadab	,	1				
	Pispah, Ara, Zaz	a. Abishur	(+ Abihail <sup>25</sup> ).	1				

<sup>(</sup>Manasseh-) *Machir* and (*Machir*-) Gilead descendancies charted at Appendix 1C, sub-part VI, C.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>°</sup>A half-sister; daughter of Hezron?

<sup>ຼຶ</sup>See at fn. 1, "Ram... Amminadab."

<sup>&</sup>quot;Father of Tekoa." (Asher is given in part E.)

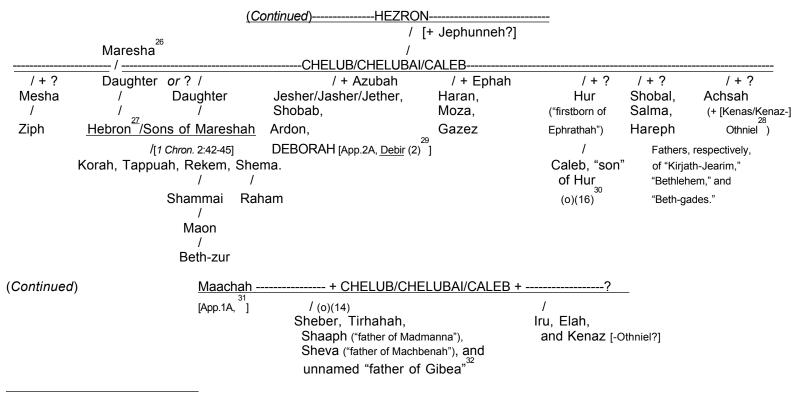
Although Jether is reported to have died without [leaving] sons, nothing is said of daughters.

<sup>&</sup>quot;See Heber at fn. 35 in Asher descent; refer also to (Machir-Gilead-Sons of Gilead-) Hepher, Appendix 1C, sub-part VI, C.

The source quote supplies the unclear introduction of Coz (given also as *Koz*), this its only use until the reformation period (priests of *Koz*, excommunicated for unproved genealogy--App. 3B, II, part IV, A). A female  $Coz\underline{bi}$  existed at the time of the Moab encampment: "began the people to fornicate with the daughters of Moab.... And...a man of the sons of Israel came and brought to his brothers a woman of Midian before eyes Moses'.... And...Phinehas, the son of Eleazar, the son of Aaron the priest...rose...and took a javelin in his hand and went in after the man of Israel into the tent-chamber and pierced both of them, the man of Israel and the woman, through her belly. ... And the name of the man of Israel ...Zimri, the son of Salu, ruler of a father's house of the Zimeonites. And the name of the woman...Cozbi, the daughter of Zur, head of the people of a house father's in Midian." "And they warred against Midian...and killed every male; and they killed the kings of Midian...Evi, and Rekem, and Zur, and Hur, and Reba, five kings of Midian." *Numbers* 25:1ff., 31:7ff. ("Qos," "the Edomite dety...appears frequently in the Aramaic ostraca as part of a person's name." *Biblical Arch. Review*, July/Aug. 2004; Vol. 30, No. 4, p. 44.)

These children of Jephunneh are given at the end of an apparent listing of Asher, Appendix 1A, Attachment 1, (II)(1).

There are contradictions between two versions of the ensuing strings--see Appendix 1C in fns. 40 and 53.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup>"Father/[founder?] of Hebron" (Appendix 1F, Hebron).

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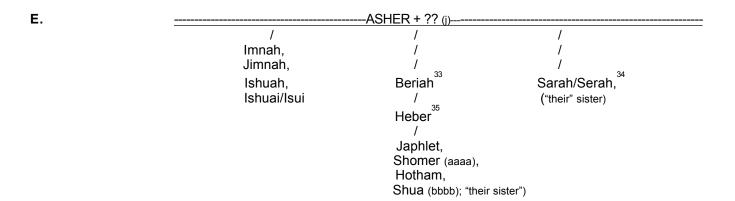
Place or individual?

Refer to Appendix 1A, Att. 1, Caleb, et al. (o) (21); Caleb gave Achsah and land to [Kenas/Kenaz-] Othniel for conquering Sephir/Debir), and Kenaz/Kenas (vv).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup>Gives citation where (Jasher -) Deborah stated that her [unnamed] husband "was slain at Makkedah, when Israel went out to fight for the people of Gibeon" (related in 1D, I, fn. 9).

This one reference to Caleb as a Hur son potentially is explainable through Caleb becoming Hur's *step*-son through acquisition of Ephrathah.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup>Included in the source quotes in Appendix 1A, at I, B, is a "Maachah" who was a "Syrian" wife of (Manasseh-) Machir, "the father of Gilead." Unclear from text whether Sheva was father of both Machbenah and Gibea or the name of a Sheva sibling was lost from the string.



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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup>See Appendix 1C, Attachment 2, I, C (*Shaharaim* descendancy).

<sup>34</sup>Numbers 26:46; 1 Chronicles 7:30.

<sup>35</sup>Refer to Appendix 1A, Attachment 1, <u>Heber/Hepher</u>, involving potential confusion in translation due to consonantal script.